



Introduction to Linux/Bash Shell

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- Late sixties at Bell Laboratories (mostly written in assembly).
- Early seventies the system was re-written using C.
- Many changes since that time:
 1. Major revision by UC-Berkeley (in the 80s)
 2. Redevelopment for SPARCprocs by SUN Micro—*Solaris* (90s)
 3. Release of Linux and ongoing development (90s, 00s and 10s)
- Unix and Linux (in various versions and releases) are now used not only in servers but also in workstations, PCs, Tablets and devices.
- If you do not have it in your own machine, *get it now!*



How to Obtain and Use Linux/Unix?

There are 2 ways:

- *Virtualization*: from the OS of your choice install Linux using a virtualization tool such as *Virtual Box*, *Qemu* or *VM Player*.
- *Dual Boot*: chop a portion of your disk (possibly with *gparted*) and install Linux on the second partition (while maintaining your initial installation).
- Web Sources:
 - *Virtual Box*
 - *Qemu*
 - *VM Player*.



Fundamental Characteristics of Unix

- Multiple Users Simultaneously
- Multi-tasking, concurrent processes, time-sharing
- Security mechanisms
- Networking support
- Monolithic structure:
 1. Kernel
 2. Shells (`c`, `bash`, `bourne`, `korn`, `t`, etc.)
 3. System Programs
- *System Calls* allow interaction with kernel services in terms of C functions.
- Scripting capabilities: one can "program" the shell.



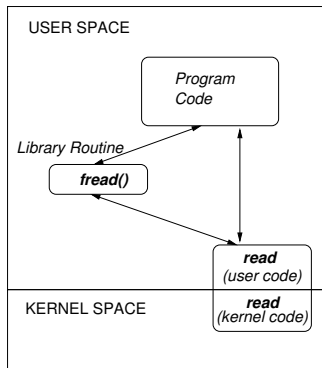
System Calls and Library Routines

- library call:

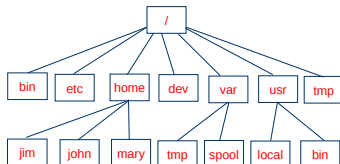
```
nread = fread(unputbuff, OBJSIZE, numberobjs, fileprt);
```

- low-level system call:

```
nread = read(filedes, inputbuf, BUFSIZE);
```



Unix File System (UFS) – Hierarchical Logical Structure



- Root directory (/)
- Current directory (/.)
- Parent directory (/..)
- Absolute and relative Paths
- Files and Links
- Devices



User Account

- User name (*userid*) and password (*pass*)
- Shell is available as soon as a user gets authorized
- User groups (*users, group, others*)
- (Initial) Working directory

```
ad@melbourne's password:
Linux_melbourne_2.6.24-23-generic_#1_SMP_Mon_Jan_26_00:13:11_UTC_2009_i686
```

```
The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are
Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.
```

```
To access official Ubuntu documentation, please visit: http://help.ubuntu.com/
Last login: Mon Jan 27 01:25:54 2008
ad@melbourne: ~$
```



Basic Commands in Unix

man	display manual page
ls	listing of the current dir
pwd	print working directory
cd	change current directory to
mkdir	create a new directory
rmdir	purge an existing directory
cp	copy a file/directory
mv	move a file/directory to
rm	remove a file/directory
cat	display content of a file
lpr	print out a file
vi	tty text editor



PWD(1)

User Commands

PWD(1)

NAME

pwd - print name of current/working directory

SYNOPSIS

pwd [OPTION]...

DESCRIPTION

Print the full filename of the current working directory.

-L, --logical

use PWD from environment, even if it contains symlinks

-P, --physical

avoid all symlinks

--help display this help and exit

--version

output version information and exit

AUTHOR

Written by Jim Meyering.



The “man” command

REPORTING BUGS

Report pwd bugs to bug-coreutils@gnu.org
GNU coreutils home page: [<http://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/>](http://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/)
General help using GNU software: [<http://www.gnu.org/gethelp/>](http://www.gnu.org/gethelp/)

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GPL version 3 or later [<http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>](http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html).
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law.

SEE ALSO

`getcwd(3)`
The full documentation for pwd is maintained as a Texinfo manual. If
the `info` and `pwd` programs are properly installed at your site,
the command `info coreutils 'pwd_Invocation'`
should give you access to the complete manual.

GNU coreutils 7.4

October 2009

PWD(1)



The “man -k” command

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ man -k mar
amarok (1) - The audio player for KDE
amarokcollectionscanner (1) - Collection Scanner for Amarok
amarokmp3tunesharmonydaemon (1) - Handles AutoSync for the MP3Tunes service i...
apt-mark (8) - mark/unmark a package as being automatically-installed
Glib::BookmarkFile (3pm) - Parser for bookmark files
Glib::Markup (3pm) - Wrapper for markup handling functions in GLib
ispell-wrapper (1) - smart wrapper for ispell
kbookmarkmerger (1) - A program for merging a given set of bookmarks into th...
mbadbblocks (1) - tests a floppy disk, and marks the bad blocks in the FAT
pbmtonokia (1) - convert a portable bitmap to Nokia Smart Messaging For...
pnmarith (1) - perform arithmetic on two portable anymaps
pnmmargin (1) - add a border to a portable anymap
sane-lexmark (5) - SANE backend for Lexmark X1100/X1200 Series scanners
sane-tamarack (5) - SANE backend for Tamarack flatbed scanners
sk98lin (4) - Marvell/SysKonnect Gigabit Ethernet driver v6.21
socketmark (3) - determine whether socket is at out-of-band mark
time (1) - run programs and summarize system resource usage
Xmark (1) - summarize xiiperf results
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ apropos amarok
amarok (1) - The audio player for KDE
amarokcollectionscanner (1) - Collection Scanner for Amarok
amarokmp3tunesharmonydaemon (1) - Handles AutoSync for the MP3Tunes service i...
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$
```



Command “ls” (-a -l -r)

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ ls
aaa  bbbb  Set-01.ppt  zzz
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -a
.  ..  aaa  bbbb  .getout  .myprofile  Set-01.ppt  zzz
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -ls
total 10348
  4 -rw-r--r--  1 ad ad      15 2010-02-15 22:45 aaa
  4 -rw-r--r--  1 ad ad    1200 2010-02-15 22:48 bbbb
10336 -rw-----  1 ad ad 10583040 2010-02-15 22:49 Set-01.ppt
  4 -rw-r--r--  1 ad ad      72 2010-02-15 22:45 zzz
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -lsr
total 10348
  4 -rw-r--r--  1 ad ad      72 2010-02-15 22:45 zzz
10336 -rw-----  1 ad ad 10583040 2010-02-15 22:49 Set-01.ppt
  4 -rw-r--r--  1 ad ad    1200 2010-02-15 22:48 bbbb
  4 -rw-r--r--  1 ad ad      15 2010-02-15 22:45 aaa
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
```

File that is “interpreted” when the shell starts:

- bash \implies .bashrc/.profile
- csh \implies .cshrc
- tcsh \implies .tcshrc
-



Access Rights

- Every file/catalog belongs to the user that has created it.
- Every user belongs to at least one group (*postgrads*, *undergrads*, *dep*, *users*, etc)
- Every file is named with at 10 characters
 - - **rwX r-X r-X**
user group others
 - 1st character is either “d” (directory) or “-” (file)
 - Three groups of characters — read/write/execute options



Permission Rules for files/directories

	File	Directory
r	Read or Copy a file	Read content in directory
w	Change or delete a file	Add or delete entries (files) in directory using commands
x	Run executable file	Reference or move to directory (without seeing names of other files)



Command “ls” (-d -R -t)

```
pubsrv1:/tmp>ls
hsperfdata_reserv  junk                output26675          sh5720
hsperfdata_root   mysql.sock        output26935
pubsrv1:/tmp>ls -d junk
junk
pubsrv1:/tmp>ls -dl junk
drwx-----  2 ad      other      238 Feb 16 00:07 junk
pubsrv1:/tmp>ls -R junk/
junk/:
aaa  bbbb
pubsrv1:/tmp>ls -lsRa junk/
junk/:
total 64
 16 drwx-----  2 ad      other      238 Feb 16 00:07 .
 16 drwxrwxrwt   5 root    sys       590 Feb 16 00:45 ..
 16 -rw-----  1 ad      other       16 Feb 16 00:07 aaa
 16 -rw-----  1 ad      other       59 Feb 16 00:07 bbbb
```

- *Sticky bit*: When the sticky bit is set, only the file's owner, the directory's owner, or the superuser can rename or delete items in question.



Command “ls” (-d -R -t)

```
pubsrv1:/tmp>ls -ltR
.:
total 64
drwx----- 2 ad      other      238 Feb 16 00:07 junk
drwxr-xr-x 2 root    root       117 Feb 15 02:24 hsperfdata_root
-rw-r--r-- 1 vfishop doctoral    0 Jan 27 14:29 output26935
-rw-r--r-- 1 vfishop doctoral    0 Jan 27 14:27 output26675
drwxr-xr-x 2 reserv  other      177 Jan 24 16:22 hsperfdata_reserv
srwxrwxrwx 1 mysql   mysql      0 Jan 24 16:22 mysql.sock
-rw----- 1 root    root       849 Jan 24 16:22 sh5720

./junk:
total 32
-rw----- 1 ad      other      59 Feb 16 00:07 bbbb
-rw----- 1 ad      other      16 Feb 16 00:07 aaa

./hsperfdata_root:
total 0

./hsperfdata_reserv:
total 64
-rw----- 1 reserv  other     32768 Feb 14 16:58 611
pubsrv1:/tmp>
```



Commands: pwd, cd, mkdir, rmdir

```
pubsrv1:/tmp>pwd
/tmp
pubsrv1:/tmp>ls -as
total 82
  16 .                16 junk                16 sh5720
   2 ..              0 mysql.sock
  16 hsperfddata_reserv 0 output26675
  16 hsperfddata_root   0 output26935
pubsrv1:/tmp>ls -lF
total 64
drwxr-xr-x  2 reserv  other      177 Jan 24 16:22 hsperfddata_reserv/
drwxr-xr-x  2 root    root        117 Feb 15 02:24 hsperfddata_root/
drwx----- 2 ad      other      238 Feb 16 00:07 junk/
srwxrwxrwx  1 mysql   mysql        0 Jan 24 16:22 mysql.sock=
-rw-r--r--  1 vfisikop doctoral    0 Jan 27 14:27 output26675
-rw-r--r--  1 vfisikop doctoral    0 Jan 27 14:29 output26935
-rw-----  1 root     root        849 Jan 24 16:22 sh5720

pubsrv1:/tmp>mkdir subdir
pubsrv1:/tmp>ls -lF
total 80
drwxr-xr-x  2 reserv  other      177 Jan 24 16:22 hsperfddata_reserv/
drwxr-xr-x  2 root    root        117 Feb 15 02:24 hsperfddata_root/
drwx----- 2 ad      other      238 Feb 16 00:07 junk/
srwxrwxrwx  1 mysql   mysql        0 Jan 24 16:22 mysql.sock=
-rw-r--r--  1 vfisikop doctoral    0 Jan 27 14:27 output26675
-rw-r--r--  1 vfisikop doctoral    0 Jan 27 14:29 output26935
-rw-----  1 root     root        849 Jan 24 16:22 sh5720
drwx----- 2 ad      other      117 Feb 16 01:04 subdir/
```



Commands: pwd, cd, mkdir, rmdir

```
pubsrv1:/tmp>pwd
pubsrv1:/tmp>cd subdir/
pubsrv1:/tmp/subdir>ls -las
total 32
  16 drwx-----  2 ad      other      117 Feb 16 01:04 .
  16 drwxrwxrwt   6 root    sys       653 Feb 16 01:05 ..
pubsrv1:/tmp/subdir>pwd
/tmp/subdir
pubsrv1:/tmp/subdir>cd ..
pubsrv1:/tmp>rmdir subdir/
pubsrv1:/tmp>ls subdir
subdir: No such file or directory
pubsrv1:
```



Commands: `cp (-i, -r)`, `mv (-i)`, `rm (-i, -r, -f)`

- “-i”: interactive mode (asks before an action can be taken).
- “-r”: option about directories in `cp` and `rm` commands
- “-f”: force option (in removing files/directories).
- “`rm -f`” is less powerful than “`rm -i`”



Command: rm

```
pubsrv1:/tmp>cd junk/  
pubsrv1:/tmp/junk>ls  
aaa    bbbb  
pubsrv1:/tmp/junk>rm -fi bbbb  
rm: remove bbbb (yes/no)? y  
pubsrv1:/tmp/junk>ls  
aaa  
pubsrv1:/tmp/junk>rm -f aaa  
rm: remove aaa (yes/no)? n  
pubsrv1:/tmp/junk>alias rm  
rm -i  
pubsrv1:/tmp/junk>unalias rm  
pubsrv1:/tmp/junk>rm -fi aaa  
rm: remove aaa (yes/no)? n  
pubsrv1:/tmp/junk>rm -f aaa  
pubsrv1:/tmp/junk>ls  
pubsrv1:/tmp/junk>
```



Commands: more, cat

```
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp$ more .bashrc
# .bashrc file
# User specific aliases and functions
```

```
# Source definitions
if [ -f /etc/bashrc ]; then
    . /etc/bashrc
fi
```

```
alias ll='ls -l'
alias la='ls -A'
alias l='ls -CF'
```

```
PS1='$ '
```

```
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp$ cat -n .bashrc
 1  # .bashrc file
 2  # User specific aliases and functions
 3
 4  # Source definitions
 5  if [ -f /etc/bashrc ]; then
 6      . /etc/bashrc
 7  fi
 8
 9  alias ll='ls -l'
10  alias la='ls -A'
11  alias l='ls -CF'
12
13  PS1='$ '
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp$
```



Command: lpr, lpstat -t

```
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp$ lpstat -t
scheduler is running
system default destination: hp-LaserJet-1320-series
device for hp-LaserJet-1320-series: usb://HP/LaserJet%201320%20series
hp-LaserJet-1320-series accepting requests since Tue 12 Jan 2010 11:37:50 AM EET
printer hp-LaserJet-1320-series is idle.  enabled since Tue 12 Jan 2010 11:37:50 AM EET
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp$
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp$ lpr -Php-LaserJet-1320-series .bashrc
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp$
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp$ lpstat -t
scheduler is running
system default destination: hp-LaserJet-1320-series
device for hp-LaserJet-1320-series: usb://HP/LaserJet%201320%20series
hp-LaserJet-1320-series accepting requests since Tue 16 Feb 2010 01:50:49 AM EET
printer hp-LaserJet-1320-series is idle.  enabled since Tue 16 Feb 2010 01:50:49 AM EET
Printer is now online.
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp$
```



Text Editors for Creating ASCII Files

- `vi/vim <filename>`: edit the content of the file with name `<filename>`
 - ◇ Two modes of operations: *input* and *edit*
 - ◇ Move from input to edit with ESC button.
 - ◇ Move from edit to input mode by pressing "i"
- `www.yolinux.com/TUTORIALS/LinuxTutorialAdvanced_vi.html`
- `emacs`
- `pico`
- `ed` (ancient)
- `gedit`, `xemacs`, etc.



Commands for processing ASCII files

chmod	change access rights for files and catalogs
more	page-by-page display of file content
less	forward/backward display of a file content
grep	search for a specific symbol patterns in a file
wc	lexical statistics for files
sort	sort the lines of a text file
ln	created links
cut	display portion of lines from a file
cmp	compare two files
diff	display differences between two files
head	display top-k lines of a file
tail	display bottom-k lines of a file
touch	change the timestamp or create a file



Command: chmod

```
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ ls -las
total 48
  4 drwxr-xr-x  2 ad   ad   4096 2010-02-16 02:44 .
40 drwxrwxrwt 18 root root 36864 2010-02-16 02:43 ..
  4 -rw-r--r--  1 ad   ad    184 2010-02-16 02:44 .bashrc
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ cp .bashrc tmp1
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ ls -l
total 4
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 184 2010-02-16 02:44 tmp1
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ mkdir bin
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ ls -l
total 8
drwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-16 02:44 bin
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad  184 2010-02-16 02:44 tmp1
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ chmod g-r tmp1
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ chmod g+wx tmp1
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ ls -l
total 8
drwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-16 02:44 bin
-rw--wxr-- 1 ad ad  184 2010-02-16 02:44 tmp1
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ chmod u-wx,g=rx,o+x tmp1
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ ls -l
total 8
drwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-16 02:44 bin
-r--r-xr-x 1 ad ad  184 2010-02-16 02:44 tmp1
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ rm tmp1
rm: remove write-protected regular file `tmp1'?_y
```



```

ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ ls -las
total 52
 4 drwxr-xr-x  3 ad   ad    4096 2010-02-16 02:46 .
40 drwxrwxrwt 18 root root 36864 2010-02-16 02:43 ..
 4 -rw-r--r--  1 ad   ad    184 2010-02-16 02:44 .bashrc
 4 drwxr-xr-x  2 ad   ad    4096 2010-02-16 02:44 bin
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ cp -r /tmp/mydir .
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ ls -Rl
.:
total 8
drwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-16 02:44 bin
drwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-16 02:48 mydir
./bin:
total 0
./mydir:
total 8
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad 14 2010-02-16 02:48 A1
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad 20 2010-02-16 02:48 A2
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ chmod -R 700 mydir/
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ ls -lR mydir/
mydir/:
total 8
-rwx----- 1 ad ad 14 2010-02-16 02:48 A1
-rwx----- 1 ad ad 20 2010-02-16 02:48 A2
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$ ls -lasR mydir/
mydir/:
total 16
 4 drwx----- 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-16 02:48 .
 4 drwxr-xr-x 4 ad ad 4096 2010-02-16 02:48 ..
 4 -rwx----- 1 ad ad 14 2010-02-16 02:48 A1
 4 -rwx----- 1 ad ad 20 2010-02-16 02:48 A2
ad@ad-desktop:/tmp/junk$

```



Command: less

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ less set001.tex
\documentclass[]{beamer}
% Theme for beamer presentation.
\usepackage{beamerthemelined}
% \usepackage{beamerthemesplit}
% Other themes include: beamerthemebars, beamerthemelined,
%                          beamerthemetree, beamerthemetreebars

\usepackage{algorithmic}
\usepackage{listings}
\usepackage{pifont}
\usepackage{color}
\usepackage{hyperref}
\newcommand{\crossout} {\ding{55}}

\newenvironment{pkl}{%
  \begin{itemize}%
    \vspace{-\topsep}%
    \setlength\itemsep{-\parskip}%
set001.tex
```

- ◇ [return] - skip a line; [space] - get next page;
- b: display previous page; /<s>: search for pattern s;
- !<c> [return]: execute command c; h: help;
- q: exit from less



Command: grep

```
ad@ad-desktop:/var/log$
ad@ad-desktop:/var/log$ grep x86 dmesg
[    0.000000]    Transmeta GenuineTMx86
[    0.000000] x86 PAT enabled: cpu 0, old 0x7040600070406, new 0x7010600070106
[    0.000000] Using x86 segment limits to approximate NX protection
[    0.004000] x86 PAT enabled: cpu 1, old 0x7040600070406, new 0x7010600070106
[   10.148624] NVRM: loading NVIDIA UNIX x86 Kernel Module  185.18.36  Fri Aug 14 17:18:04 PDT 2009
ad@ad-desktop:/var/log$
ad@ad-desktop:/var/log$ grep -n x86 dmesg
10:[    0.000000]    Transmeta GenuineTMx86
41:[    0.000000] x86 PAT enabled: cpu 0, old 0x7040600070406, new 0x7010600070106
58:[    0.000000] Using x86 segment limits to approximate NX protection
212:[    0.004000] x86 PAT enabled: cpu 1, old 0x7040600070406, new 0x7010600070106
737:[   10.148624] NVRM: loading NVIDIA UNIX x86 Kernel Module  185.18.36  Fri Aug 14 17:18:04 PDT 2009
ad@ad-desktop:/var/log$
ad@ad-desktop:/var/log$ grep -i CoOLing dmesg
[    0.414599] processor LNXCPU:00: registered as cooling_device0
[    0.414803] processor LNXCPU:01: registered as cooling_device1
ad@ad-desktop:/var/log$
```



Command wc

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ ls
aaa  bbbb  lista  Set-01.ppt  zzz
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ wc lista
 10  30 183 lista
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ wc -w lista
30 lista
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ wc -l lista
10 lista
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ wc -c lista
183 lista
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ wc -lc lista
 10 183 lista
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ wc -lw lista
 10  30 lista
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
```

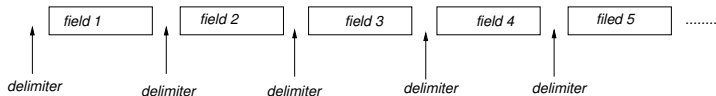


Command sort

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ cat lista
john      32      london
eduardo   19      brazilia
jean       21      athens
marco      7       buenosaires
filip      23      telaviv
dennis    15      brisbane
louis     31      heraclion
dimi      34      heraclion
ji        27      washington
hyseyin   33      izmir
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ sort lista
dennis    15      brisbane
dimi      34      heraclion
eduardo   19      brazilia
filip      23      telaviv
hyseyin   33      izmir
jean       21      athens
ji        27      washington
john      32      london
louis     31      heraclion
marco      7       buenosaires
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
```

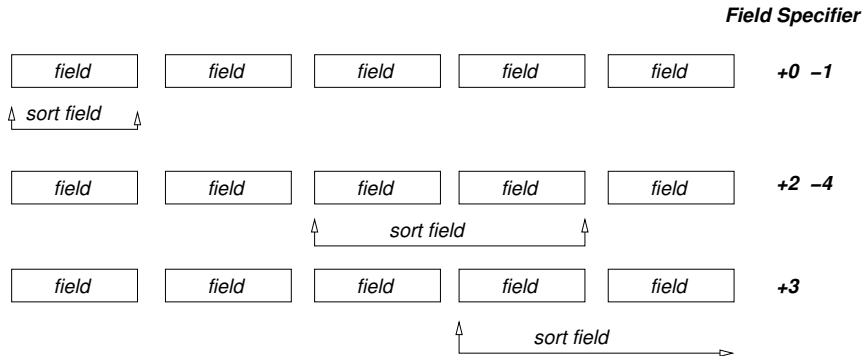


Using the Delimiters in sort



- When a field for sorting is needed: $+number_1 -number_2$
- $number_1$: specifies the number of fields to be skipped to get to the beginning of the sort field.
- $number_2$: specifies the number of fields to be skipped, relative to the beginning of the line, to get to the end of the sort key.

Delimiter Examples




```

ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ sort +0 -1 lista
dennis 15      brisbane
dimi 34      heraclion
eduardo 19     brazilia
filip 23      telaviv
hyseyin 33     izmir
jean 21      athens
ji 27      washington
john 32      london
louis 31     heraclion
marco 7      buenosaires
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ sort -r -u +2 -3 lista
ji 27      washington
filip 23    telaviv
john 32     london
hyseyin 33  izmir
louis 31    heraclion
marco 7     buenosaires
dennis 15   brisbane
eduardo 19  brazilia
jean 21     athens
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ sort -r +2 -3 lista
ji 27      washington
filip 23    telaviv
john 32     london
hyseyin 33  izmir
louis 31    heraclion
dimi 34     heraclion
marco 7     buenosaires
dennis 15   brisbane
eduardo 19  brazilia
jean 21     athens

```



```

ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ sort -r -n +1 -2 lista
dimi      34      heraclion
hyseyin   33      izmir
john      32      london
louis     31      heraclion
ji        27      washington
filip     23      telaviv
jean      21      athens
eduardo   19      brazilia
dennis    15      brisbane
marco     7       buenosaires
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ sort -u +1 -4 lista
dennis    15      brisbane
eduardo   19      brazilia
jean      21      athens
filip     23      telaviv
ji        27      washington
louis     31      heraclion
john      32      london
hyseyin   33      izmir
dimi      34      heraclion
marco     7       buenosaires
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$

```



Command touch (change timestamp or create an empty file)

```
ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$ ls
aaa  bbbb  lista  Set-01.ppt  zzz
ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$ touch delis
ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$ ls -l
total 10464
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad      15 2010-02-18 08:42 aaa
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad    1200 2010-02-18 08:42 bbbb
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad      0 2010-02-18 12:16 delis
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad    183 2010-02-18 08:42 lista
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad 10583040 2010-02-18 08:42 Set-01.ppt
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad     72 2010-02-18 08:42 zzz
ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$ touch aaa
ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$ ls -l
total 10464
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad      15 2010-02-18 12:16 aaa
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad    1200 2010-02-18 08:42 bbbb
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad      0 2010-02-18 12:16 delis
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad    183 2010-02-18 08:42 lista
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad 10583040 2010-02-18 08:42 Set-01.ppt
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad     72 2010-02-18 08:42 zzz
34 ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$
```



Hard Links with ln

```
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ln bbbb myhardlink
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -l
total 10356
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad      15 2010-02-18 12:25 aaa
-rwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad    1200 2010-02-18 12:27 bbbb
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad      0 2010-02-18 12:25 delis
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad    183 2010-02-18 12:25 lista
-rwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad    1200 2010-02-18 12:27 myhardlink
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad 10583040 2010-02-18 12:25 Set-01.ppt
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad     72 2010-02-18 12:25 zzz
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -i bbbb myhardlink
691247 bbbb 691247 myhardlink
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ cp bbbb eeee
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -li bbbb myhardlink eeee
691247 -rwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 1200 2010-02-18 12:27 bbbb
691204 -rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad 1200 2010-02-18 12:34 eeee
691247 -rwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 1200 2010-02-18 12:27 myhardlink
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ diff bbbb myhardlink
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ rm bbbb
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -l myhardlink
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad 1200 2010-02-18 12:27 myhardlink
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ cp myhardlink bbbb
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -l
total 10360
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad      15 2010-02-18 12:25 aaa
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad    1200 2010-02-18 12:35 bbbb
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad      0 2010-02-18 12:25 delis
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad    1200 2010-02-18 12:34 eeee
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad    183 2010-02-18 12:25 lista
```



Soft links with `ln -s`

```
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls
aaa  bbbb  delis  eeee  lista  myhardlink  Set-01.ppt  zzz
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ln -s bbbb mysoftlink
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -l mysoftlink
lrwxrwxrwx 1 ad ad 4 2010-02-18 12:43 mysoftlink -> bbbb
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ file *
aaa:      ASCII text
bbbb:     ASCII text
delis:    empty
eeee:     ASCII text
lista:    ASCII text
myhardlink: ASCII text
mysoftlink: symbolic link to `bbbb'
Set-01.ppt: CDF V2 Document, corrupt: Can't expand summary_info
zzz:      ASCII text
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ rm bbbb
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls
aaa  delis  eeee  lista  myhardlink  mysoftlink  Set-01.ppt  zzz
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ more mysoftlink
mysoftlink: No such file or directory
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$
```



Comparison between soft/hard links

Hard Links	Soft Links
"Pointer" to the initial file	Copy of the path to the initial file
Does not apply to directories	Applies to directories
Name change of the initial file does not create any problems	Name change in the initial file creates problems
Content changes in initial file are reflected in the link as well	Content changes in initial file are reflected in the link as well
File gets purged when <i>all</i> links are deleted	Deletion of initial file affects the link (point to non-existing file)



Command cut: -f: designates column selection, -d designates delimiter

```
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ cat lista1
123:jim:morrison:2103456789:reading
345:peter:gabriel:4567891234:london
673:pete:garret:9602345612:sydney
133:time:machine:3452678967:moscow
231:kitrina:podilata:2138905674:athens
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ cut -f3,2 -d':' lista1
jim:morrison
peter:gabriel
pete:garret
time:machine
kitrina:podilata
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ cut -f1-3 -d':' lista1
123:jim:morrison
345:peter:gabriel
673:pete:garret
133:time:machine
231:kitrina:podilata
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$
```



Commands: cmp, diff, head, tail

```
ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$ ls lista*
lista lista1 lista2 lista3
ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$ cmp lista lista3
ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$ diff lista lista2
4c4
< marco 7          buenosaires
---
> marco 97         buenosaires
ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$ head lista2
john 32      london
eduardo 19   brazilia
jean 21      athens
marco 97     buenosaires
filip 23     telaviv
dennis 15    brisbane
louis 31     heraclion
dimi 34      heraclion
ji 27        washington
hyseyin 33   izmir
ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$ head -3 lista2
john 32      london
eduardo 19   brazilia
jean 21      athens
ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$ tail -3 lista2
dimi 34      heraclion
ji 27        washington
hyseyin 33   izmir
39 ad@sydney:/media/2CD3-FD08/Set001/Samples$
```



Commands echo, whoami, hostname, lpq/lpstat -t, lprm

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ echo this is a test for k24
this is a test for k24
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ echo -n this is a test for k24
this is a test for k24ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ whoami
ad
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ hostname
ad-desktop
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ lpr Set-01.ps
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ lpq
hp-LaserJet-1320-series is ready and printing
Rank   Owner   Job    File(s)                Total Size
1st    ad      143    Set-01                  12930048 bytes
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ lprm -Php-LaserJet-1320-series 143
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ lpq
hp-LaserJet-1320-series is ready and printing
Rank   Owner   Job    File(s)                Total Size
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ lpstat -t
scheduler is running
system default destination: hp-LaserJet-1320-series
device for hp-LaserJet-1320-series: usb://HP/LaserJet%201320%20series
hp-LaserJet-1320-series accepting requests since Fri 19 Feb 2010 01:03:52 PM EET
printer hp-LaserJet-1320-series is idle.  enabled since Fri 19 Feb 2010 01:03:52 PM EET
Printer is now online.
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
```



Shells (`csh`, `tcsh`, `bash`, `kornsh`, etc.)

- Once “connected” to a `tty` in Linux you are provided with a default `bash` shell.
- `logout` severs the authenticated session the user maintains.
- `exit` or `control-d` disconnect terminates the shell session.
- You can go to `csh` or `tcsh` by simply typing `tcsh` or `csh`.
- Once a shell is initiated, the file `~/.cshrc` is executed.
- As soon as a user logs into a system, the commands in file `.login` are executed.
- Once a user logs out from the system the shell commands in file `.logout` are executed.



Shell (input/output)

Every shell has three predefined I/O means of communicating with the user:

- *stdin*: standard input (often the keyboard)
- *stdout*: standard output (often the screen)
- *stderr*: standard error (often the screen)
- file descriptors for the above files are 0, 1, 2 respectively.

For a number of system programs including `cat`, `lpr`, `grep`, `wc`, `sort`, `head`, `tail` etc., the file parameters are optional:

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ wc
this is a test - this is only
a test, this is a test
this is only a test
this is a
test
only
bye
{control-d}
      7      25      100
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
```



- Redirection of the *stdin*:

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$  
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ csh  
%  
%  
% grep clio lista  
louis 31 heraclion  
dimi 34 heraclion  
% grep clio < lista  
louis 31 heraclion  
dimi 34 heraclion  
% grep bra < lista > out1  
% cat out1  
eduardo 19 brazilia
```



- Redirection of the stdout and stderr (>, >!)

```
% date > filea
% cat < filea
Fri Feb 19 17:59:46 EET 2010
% ls -la > filea
filea: File exists.
% echo A test line > filea
filea: File exists.
% echo This is a test >! filea
% more filea
This is a test
%
```

- You get the above results when the noclobber variable is set
- in csh ‘‘set noclobber=on’’



Append type redirection

```
% cat a_file
Fri Feb 19 17:38:24 EET 2010
% cat b_file
cat: b_file: No such file or directory
% date >> c_file
% cat c_file
Fri Feb 19 20:54:59 EET 2010
% cat c_file >> a_file
% cat a_file
Fri Feb 19 17:38:24 EET 2010
Fri Feb 19 20:54:59 EET 2010
%
```



Redirecting inout-redir

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>

main(){
    int i=0;
    while(1) {
        for( i=0; i<3; i++){
            fprintf(stdout,"Guillermo_");    // high-level I/O interface
            write(1,"Guillermo_",10);        // I/O with file descriptor
            fflush(stdout);                   // I/O with file pointer
        }
        fprintf(stdout,"!\n");
        write(2,"U_r_a_smart_fella\n",20);    // low-level I/O with fd
        sleep(1);
    }
}
```

The *stdout/stderr* of the execution appear as:

```
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ ./inout-redir
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo !
U r a smart fella
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo !
U r a smart fella
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo !
U r a smart fella
.....
```



Directing stdout and stderr to specific files

- send stdout to file out.log

```
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ ./inout-redir 1> out.log
U r a smart fella
U r a smart fella
U r a smart fella
^C
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ cat out.log
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo !
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo !
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$
```

- send stdout to out.log and stderr to err.log

```
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ ./inout-redir 1> out.log 2> err.log
^C
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ cat out.log
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo !
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo !
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ cat err.log
U r a smart fella
U r a smart fella
U r a smart fella
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$
```



Some More Redirection

- Ways to send output/error to a single file:

```
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ ./inout-redir >& allout
^C
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ cat allout
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo U r a smart fella
Guillermo !
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo U r a smart fella
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ ./inout-redir &> allout
^C
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ cat allout
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo U r a smart fella
Guillermo !
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo U r a smart fella
Guillermo !
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo U r a smart fella
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$
```

- And another command flavor...

```
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ ./inout-redir > allout 2>&1
^C
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ cat allout
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo U r a smart fella
Guillermo !
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo U r a smart fella
Guillermo !
Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo Guillermo U r a smart fella
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$
```



Filters and Pipes

```
d@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ !! | grep 6
ls -las | grep 6
total 10436
  4 drwxr-xr-x  3 ad ad      4096 2010-02-19 20:58 .
  4 drwxr-xr-x  6 ad ad      4096 2010-02-19 21:09 ..
  4 drwx-----  2 ad ad      4096 2010-02-19 12:41 Alexdir
  4 -rw-r--r--  1 ad ad        38 2010-02-19 20:56 c_file
  4 -rw-r--r--  1 ad ad        21 2010-02-19 16:45 mytest
10336 -rw-----  1 ad ad 10583040 2010-02-19 12:41 Set-01.ppt
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ grep 3 lista
john    32      london
filip   23      telaviv
louis   31      heraclion
dimi    34      heraclion
hyseyin 33      izmir
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ grep 3 lista | tail -4 | sort -n +1 -2
filip   23      telaviv
louis   31      heraclion
hyseyin 33      izmir
dimi    34      heraclion
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ grep 3 lista | tail -4 | sort -n +1 -2 | lpr -Pmypr
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
```



Sequences and Groups of Commands

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ mkdir konnos; cd konnos; ls -las
total 8
4 drwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 21:27 .
4 drwxr-xr-x 4 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 21:27 ..
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/konnos$ pwd
/home/ad/Set001/Samples/konnos
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/konnos$
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ mkdir mydir; cd mydir; ls -al;
mkdir: cannot create directory `mydir': File exists
total 8
drwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 21:29 .
drwxr-xr-x 4 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 21:32 ..
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/mydir$ cd ..; rm -rf mydir
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ (mkdir mydir; cd mydir; ls -al;)
total 8
drwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 21:34 .
drwxr-xr-x 4 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 21:34 ..
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
```

- With “grouping” of commands, the shell remains in the original directory.



Command umask

- The number of umask indicates which access rights should NOT be given to files to be created.
- chmod starts off where umask left at.

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/UMASK$ umask
0022
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/UMASK$ touch file1
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/UMASK$ mkdir alex
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/UMASK$ ls -l -sa
total 12
4 drwxr-xr-x 3 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 22:53 .
4 drwxr-xr-x 5 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 22:53 ..
4 drwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 22:53 alex
0 -rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 0 2010-02-19 22:53 file1
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/UMASK$ umask 077
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/UMASK$ touch file2
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/UMASK$ mkdir alex2
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/UMASK$ ls -las
total 16
4 drwxr-xr-x 4 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 22:54 .
4 drwxr-xr-x 5 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 22:53 ..
4 drwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 22:53 alex
4 drwx----- 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 22:54 alex2
0 -rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 0 2010-02-19 22:53 file1
0 -rw----- 1 ad ad 0 2010-02-19 22:54 file2
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/UMASK$ umask 022
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/UMASK$ rm file1 file2 ; rmdir alex alex2
51 ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples/UMASK$
```



Metacharacters

- `*` : matches any number (zero or more) of characters
- `?` : matches one exactly character
- `[c1c2c3...cn]`: matches exactly one character from set: $\{c_1c_2c_3...c_n\}$
- `[c1-cn]`: matches exactly one character from those in the range c_1-c_n



Metacharacter-Examples with ls

```
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -dF ???
aaa sss/ sts/ usr/ uuu/ zzz
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls *z*
all-lists.zip mylists.zip mylist.tar.gz mylist.zip zzz
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -l *[uz]*
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 1123 2010-03-02 00:56 all-lists.zip
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad    0 2010-03-02 00:56 mylout
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 1123 2010-03-02 00:56 mylists.zip
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 443 2010-03-02 00:56 mylist.tar.gz
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 1123 2010-03-02 00:56 mylist.zip
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad  20 2010-03-02 00:56 out1
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad  72 2010-03-02 00:56 zzz

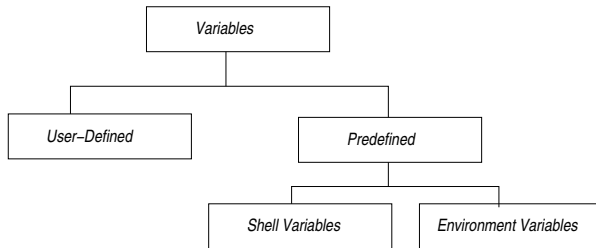
usr:
total 0

uuu:
total 0
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls *[a-z][uz][b-z]*
mylout out1 zzz

uuu:
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$ ls [Mm]ylists*
mylists.tar mylists.zip
ad@sydney:~/Set001/Samples$
```



Variables



- **Predefined Variables:**
 - *Shell Variables:* used to configure shell (ie, setting the internal field separator which is often a space or tab).
 - *Environment Variables:* used to configure the environment (ie, a system variable determines which editor to edit the history file).
- *User defined Variables:* created by the users for storing values; may start with an alphabetic or `_` character.



setting & unsetting environment variables with csh

```
perth:/home/users/ad>printenv | head -6
USER=ad
HOME=/home/users/ad
PATH=/usr/bin/X11:/bin:/usr/bin:/usr/ucb:/usr/etc:/usr/local/bin
SHELL=/usr/local/bin/csh
TZ=EET
SSH_TTY=/dev/pts/2
perth:/home/users/ad>setenv ALEX delis
perth:/home/users/ad>printenv | tail -3
TEXINPUTS=:/home/users/ad/tex
ICAROOT=/home/appl/ICAClient
ALEX=delis
perth:/home/users/ad>echo $ALEX
delis
perth:/home/users/ad>unsetenv ALEX
perth:/home/users/ad>printenv | tail -2
TEXINPUTS=:/home/users/ad/tex
ICAROOT=/home/appl/ICAClient
perth:/home/users/ad>
```



setting/unsetting local & shell variables (bash)

```
ad@ad-desktop:~$ set | head -4
BASH=/bin/bash
BASH_ALIASES=()
BASH_ARGC=()
BASH_ARGV=()
ad@ad-desktop:~$ MYVAR="alexis"
ad@ad-desktop:~$ echo MYVAR
MYVAR
ad@ad-desktop:~$ echo $MYVAR
alexis
ad@ad-desktop:~$ set | grep MYVAR
MYVAR=alexis
ad@ad-desktop:~$ unset MYVAR
ad@ad-desktop:~$ echo $MYVAR

ad@ad-desktop:~$
ad@ad-desktop:~$ set | grep MYVAR
ad@ad-desktop:~$
```



History in bash

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ ls -la *tex
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 48821 2010-02-20 11:17 set001.tex
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ pwd
/home/ad/Set001
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ ls *set*
set001.aux  set001.log  set001.out  set001.snm  set001.tex.bak
set001.dvi  set001.nav  set001.ps   set001.tex  set001.toc
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ echo this is work in progress
this is work in progress
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ history | tail -5
511  ls -la *tex
512  pwd
513  ls *set*
514  echo this is work in progress
515  history | tail -5
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ !511
ls -la *tex
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 48821 2010-02-20 11:17 set001.tex
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ !pw
pwd
/home/ad/Set001
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ date
Sat Feb 20 11:35:08 EET 2010
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ history | tail -3
517  pwd
518  date
519  history | tail -3
57 ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ !da
date
```



history in csh

```
perth:/home/users/ad>set history=5
perth:/home/users/ad>history
  39  11:48  history
  40  11:48  ls x2del.*
  41  11:48  ls x2del.* TP
  42  11:48  set history=5
  43  11:48  history
perth:/home/users/ad>!ls
ls x2del.* TP
TP: No such file or directory
x2del.pdf      x2del.qxp.pdf
perth:/home/users/ad>ls TPD*
TPDS-0026-0206.pdf  TPDS-0026-0206.ps
perth:/home/users/ad>!!
ls TPD*
TPDS-0026-0206.pdf  TPDS-0026-0206.ps
perth:/home/users/ad>!41
ls x2del.* TP
TP: No such file or directory
x2del.pdf      x2del.qxp.pdf
perth:/home/users/ad>
```



alias-ing within the shell

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ alias
alias egrep='egrep --color=auto'
alias grep='grep --color=auto'
alias ls='ls --color=auto'
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ cd Samples/
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ ls
!      Alexdir  b_file  delis   lista   lista3  out1      UMASK
aaa    bb       c_file  d_file  lista1  mydir    Set-01.ppt zzz
a_file bbbb      dddd    eeee    lista2  mytest   sfile
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ alias
alias egrep='egrep --color=auto'
alias grep='grep --color=auto'
alias ls='ls --color=auto'
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ alias dir='ls -sa'
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ dir *bb
4 bb  4 bbbb
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ alias lls='ls -las'
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ alias mydir='ls;pwd'
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ mydir
!      Alexdir  b_file  delis   lista   lista3  out1      UMASK
aaa    bb       c_file  d_file  lista1  mydir    Set-01.ppt zzz
a_file bbbb      dddd    eeee    lista2  mytest   sfile
/home/ad/Set001/Samples
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ unalias lls mydir
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ alias
alias dir='ls -sa'
alias egrep='egrep --color=auto'
59 alias grep='grep --color=auto'
alias ls='ls --color=auto'
```



ps	display status of the processes
jobs	display interrupted processes
kill	kill a specific process
bg	set a process in “background” processing
fg	set a process in “foreground” processing
top	show status of processor(s), memory, running programs



Working with bg, and fg

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ ./a.out
^Z
[3]+  Stopped                  ./a.out
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ jobs
[1]    Running                  make &
[2]-   Running                  gv set001.ps &
[3]+   Stopped                  ./a.out
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ bg
[3]+ ./a.out &
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ jobs
[1]    Running                  make &
[2]-   Running                  gv set001.ps &
[3]+   Running                  ./a.out &
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ fg %3
./a.out
^Z
[3]+  Stopped                  ./a.out
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ kill %3
[3]+  Terminated              ./a.out
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ ps
  PID TTY          TIME CMD
 2659 pts/0        00:00:00 bash
 2695 pts/0        00:00:00 gv
 2739 pts/0        00:03:17 soffice.bin
 3406 pts/0        00:00:00 gs
 3448 pts/0        00:00:00 ps
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$
```



Command top

```
top - 13:18:11 up 3:20, 5 users, load average: 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
Tasks: 181 total, 3 running, 178 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
Cpu(s): 1.2%us, 1.0%sy, 0.0%ni, 97.9%id, 0.0%wa, 0.0%hi, 0.0%si, 0.0%st
Mem: 2061416k total, 1311888k used, 749528k free, 157420k buffers
Swap: 4883720k total, 0k used, 4883720k free, 642324k cached
```

PID	USER	PR	NI	VIRT	RES	SHR	S	%CPU	%MEM	TIME+	COMMAND
1807	ad	20	0	156m	4896	3672	R	2	0.2	1:48.90	pulseaudio
1946	ad	20	0	422m	117m	33m	S	1	5.8	7:41.66	firefox
1248	root	20	0	305m	38m	11m	S	1	1.9	4:32.62	Xorg
3515	ad	20	0	2472	1204	884	R	1	0.1	0:00.18	top
1851	ad	20	0	104m	14m	10m	S	0	0.7	0:07.31	metacity
2933	ad	20	0	149m	80m	25m	S	0	4.0	0:24.08	acroread
1	root	20	0	2664	1552	1128	S	0	0.1	0:00.85	init
2	root	15	-5	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	0:00.00	kthreadd
3	root	RT	-5	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	0:00.00	migration/0
4	root	15	-5	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	0:00.36	ksoftirqd/0
5	root	RT	-5	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	0:00.00	watchdog/0
6	root	RT	-5	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	0:00.00	migration/1
7	root	15	-5	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	0:00.60	ksoftirqd/1
8	root	RT	-5	0	0	0	S	0	0.0	0:00.00	watchdog/1
.....											



Dealing with Multiple Jobs in the Background..

```
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ sleep 100 & sleep 200 & sleep 300 & sleep 400 &
[1] 7238
[2] 7239
[3] 7240
[4] 7241
ad@haiku:~/Set001/src$ jobs
[1]    Running                  sleep 100 &
[2]    Running                  sleep 200 &
[3]-  Running                  sleep 300 &
[4]+  Running                  sleep 400 &
ad@haiku:~/Dropbox/k24/Transparencies/Set001/src$
```

→ What are these pluses/minuses?

```
ad@haiku:~/Dropbox/k24/Transparencies/Set001/src$ fg
sleep 400
^C
ad@haiku:~/Dropbox/k24/Transparencies/Set001/src$ jobs
[1]    Running                  sleep 100 &
[2]-  Running                  sleep 200 &
[3]+  Running                  sleep 300 &
ad@haiku:~/Dropbox/k24/Transparencies/Set001/src$ fg
sleep 300
^C
ad@haiku:~/Dropbox/k24/Transparencies/Set001/src$ jobs
[1]-  Running                  sleep 100 &
[2]+  Running                  sleep 200 &
63 ad@haiku:~/Dropbox/k24/Transparencies/Set001/src$ fg
sleep 200
```



Compression of files

- create flat version of files and directories with *tar* or *zip*
- compress their size with *gzip*

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ tar cvf mylist.tar lista*
lista
lista1
lista2
lista3
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ zip mylist.zip lista*
  adding: lista (deflated 26%)
  adding: lista1 (deflated 26%)
  adding: lista2 (deflated 26%)
  adding: lista3 (deflated 26%)
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -l mylist.*
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 10240 2010-02-20 16:54 mylist.tar
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad  1123 2010-02-20 16:54 mylist.zip
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ gzip mylist.tar
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ !ls
ls -l mylist.*
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad  443 2010-02-20 16:54 mylist.tar.gz
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 1123 2010-02-20 16:54 mylist.zip
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
```



Decompression of .gz .zip files

- `zcat`: does not alter the structure of the compressed file.
- decompression: `gunzip` or `unzip`

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ zcat mylists.tar.gz | tar xv
lista
lista1
lista2
lista3
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ gunzip mylists.tar.gz
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -l mylists.*
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 10240 2010-02-20 16:42 mylists.tar
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 1123 2010-02-20 16:42 mylists.zip
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ unzip mylists.zip
Archive:  mylists.zip
replace lista? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: A
  inflating: lista
  inflating: lista1
  inflating: lista2
  inflating: lista3
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
```



Other commands

<code>tr</code>	translate or delete characters in files
<code>colrm</code>	delete columns from file
<code>find</code>	locate file/catalogs in an FS
<code>script</code>	record the interaction with the shell
<code>sleep</code>	wait for a number of seconds
<code>last</code>	last appearances of user(s)
<code>clear</code>	clear tty



Using tr

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ cat test1
This is a test - test FILE
of manuscript that is to be
served as a subpoena
to the jurors of the court
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ tr acbdef ijklm < test1
This is i tmst - tmst FILE
om minusjript thit is to km
smrvml is i sukpomni
to thm jurors om thm jourt
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ tr -d '[i-l]s' <test1
Th  a tet - tet FILE
of manucrpt that  to be
erved a a ubpoena
to the uror of the court
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
```



Using colrm

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ colrm 8 15 < lista1
123:jimn:2103456789:reading
345:petel:4567891234:london
673:pet:9602345612:sydney
133:time:3452678967:moscow
231:kitilata:2138905674:athens
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ colrm 10 < lista1
123:jim:m
345:peter
673:pete:
133:time:
231:kitri
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -ald mydir
drwxr-xr-x 2 ad ad 4096 2010-02-19 21:34 mydir
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -ald mydir | colrm 11 55
drwxr-xr-x
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -ald mydir | colrm 11 44
drwxr-xr-x mydir
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$ ls -ald * | colrm 11 44 | grep zip
-rw-r--r-- all-lists.zip
-rw-r--r-- mylists.zip
-rw-r--r-- mylist.zip
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Samples$
```



Command find

```
ad@ad-desktop:~$ find SysProMaterial -name '*dvi*' -print
syspro_sockets_presentation/syspro_sockets_presentation/sockIPC.dvi
syspro_sockets_presentation/sockIPC.dvi
Set001/set001.dvi
PERNASVIP-kickoff/myprese.dvi
ad@ad-desktop:~$ find . -name set001.ps -print
./Set001/set001.ps
ad@ad-desktop:~/ $ find .. -type d -name '*Set*' -exec file '{}' \;
../Set001: directory
../K24/Set-3-Code: directory
../K24/Set-4-Code: directory
ad@ad-desktop:~/ $
ad@ad-desktop:~/ $ find . -type f -name '*tex' -exec ls -l '{}' \;
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 6317 2010-02-15 21:22 ./Admin/k24-syllabus10.tex
-rwx----- 1 ad ad 1103 2010-02-15 21:22 ./Admin/Bebaiwsi.tex
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad 25200 2010-02-15 21:22 ./syspro_sockets_presentation/sockIPC.tex
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad 25200 2010-02-15 21:22 ./syspro_sockets_presentation/syspro_sockets_presentation/sockIPC.tex
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 59746 2010-02-20 18:10 ./Set001/set001.tex
-rw-r--r-- 1 ad ad 58694 2010-02-19 12:41 ./Set001/._sockIPC.tex
-rwxr-xr-x 1 ad ad 26056 2010-02-15 21:22 ./PERNASVIP-kickoff/myprese.tex
ad@ad-desktop:~/ $
ad@ad-desktop:~/ $ find /usr/ -perm 664 -print
/usr/local/share/texmf/ls-R
ad@ad-desktop:~/ $ find /usr/ -perm 664
/usr/local/share/texmf/ls-R
ad@ad-desktop:~/ $
```



Commands: last, script, sleep, clear

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ last -n 5
ad      pts/4      :0.0          Sat Feb 20 20:11    still logged in
ad      pts/3      :0.0          Sat Feb 20 18:19    still logged in
ad      pts/3      :0.0          Sat Feb 20 11:31 - 18:19    (06:47)
ad      pts/3      :0.0          Sat Feb 20 11:28 - 11:31    (00:02)
ad      pts/2      :0.0          Sat Feb 20 11:00    still logged in
```

```
wtmp begins Wed Feb 3 20:05:09 2010
```

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ script mysession
```

```
Script started, file is mysession
```

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ ls *tex
```

```
set001.tex
```

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ pwd
```

```
/home/ad/Set001
```

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ exit
```

```
Script done, file is mysession
```

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ cat mysession
```

```
Script started on Sat 20 Feb 2010 08:29:09 PM EET
```

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ ls *tex
```

```
set001.tex
```

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ pwd
```

```
/home/ad/Set001
```

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ exit
```

```
Script done on Sat 20 Feb 2010 08:29:17 PM EET
```

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ rm mysession
```

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001$ date; sleep 10; date
```

```
70 Sat Feb 20 20:31:25 EET 2010
```

```
Sat Feb 20 20:31:35 EET 2010
```



- (Separate) compilation of C/C++ programs: gcc/g++

```
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Sample-C/SampleGCC$ ls
InputFile      LinkedList.c  main.c      MyHeader.h      OrderedLinkedList.h
InputFile.out  LinkedList.h  Makefile    OrderedLinkedList.c
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Sample-C/SampleGCC$
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Sample-C/SampleGCC$ gcc -c main.c
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Sample-C/SampleGCC$ gcc -c LinkedList.c
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Sample-C/SampleGCC$ gcc -c OrderedLinkedList.c
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Sample-C/SampleGCC$ gcc main.o LinkedList.o OrderedLinkedList.o -o myexe
ad@ad-desktop:~/Set001/Sample-C/SampleGCC$ ./myexe
expected syntax: myexe inputfile
```



Using Makefile

- An easy way to organize separate compilation of programs and activities
- The basic format of Makefile command is:
 target: required-files
 TAB → *command*
- The existence of TAB before the command above is **imperative**; otherwise, makefile does not work! (strange but that is the way it goes).
- The *required-files* have to be “done” before the *target* is realized.
- If *required-files* have not “changed” then the command of the Makefile does not get executed (things are up to date).
- Often, the final target of a Makefile is termed *all*.
- There is also a target named *clean* that purges all *.o and executable files.



Makefile

```
# In order to execute this "Makefile" just type "make" -A. Delis (ad@di.uoa.gr)
OBJS      = main.o LinkedList.o OrderedLinkedList.o
SOURCE    = main.c LinkedList.c OrderedLinkedList.c
HEADER    = MyHeader.h LinkedList.h OrderedLinkedList.h
OUT       = myexe
CC        = gcc
FLAGS     = -g -c
# -g for debugging mode ; -c for objects file creation

$(OUT): $(OBJS)
        $(CC) -g $(OBJS) -o $@

# create/compile the individual files >>separately<<
main.o: main.c
        $(CC) $(FLAGS) main.c

LinkedList.o: LinkedList.c
        $(CC) $(FLAGS) LinkedList.c

OrderedLinkedList.o: OrderedLinkedList.c
        $(CC) $(FLAGS) OrderedLinkedList.c

# clean house
clean:
        rm -f $(OBJS) $(OUT)

# do a bit of accounting
73 count:
        wc $(SOURCE) $(HEADER)
```



```
OBJS = main.o iodat.o dorun.o
LIB = /usr/lib/crtn.o
CC = /usr/bin/gcc

program: ${OBJ} ${LIB} mylibops.a
    ${CC} -o $@ ${OBJS} ${LIB} mylibops.a

main.o: main.c
    ${CC} -c $?

iodat.o: iodat.c
    ${CC} -c $?

dorun.o: dorun.c
    ${CC} -c $?

mylibops.a: interact.o sched.o gen.o
    ar r $@ $?

interact.o: interact.c
    ${CC} -c $?

gen.o: gen.c
    ${CC} -c $?

sched.o: sched.c
    ${CC} -c $?
```

- \$? : current list of prerequisites
- \$@ : current target





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